



Product Specification Sheet

Recombinant Purified Human Acrp30 (adipocyte complement-related protein of 30 kDa) Protein

Cat # ACRP302-R-5	Recombinant purified Human Acrp30 protein	SIZE: 5 ug
Cat # ACRP302-R-10	Recombinant purified Human Acrp30 protein	SIZE: 10 ug

Acrp30 (adipocyte complement-related protein of 30 kDa), also known as AdipoQ, APM1, Adiponectin, Gelatin binding protein 28 kDa/GBP28 or adipocyte most abundant gene transcript) was identified as a novel adipocyte-specific synthesized and secreted protein with structural resemblance to complement factor C1q. Like adipin, Acrp30 secretion is induced ~10-fold during adipocyte differentiation. Plasma levels are reduced in obese humans, and low levels are associated with insulin-resistance. Treatment of db/db mice with TZD increased Acrp30 levels. Acrp30 (mouse 247 aa, rat human 244 aa; chromosome 3q27) consists of a predicted NT-signal sequence 91-14 aa), followed by a 27-aa unique region, and then by 22 perfect Gly-X-Pro or Gly-X-X collagen like repeats, and a globular segment at the C-terminus. Structurally, but at the sequence level, Acrp30 resembles other collagen-like and globular domain proteins (lung surfactant protein and hepatocytes mannan-binding proteins). Acrp30 is proteolytically cleaved at 104 aa to generate the **globular Acrp30 (gAcrp30)**. Administration of gAcrp30 into mice fed a diet high in fat and sugar caused substantial weight loss. A marked reduction in plasma triglycerides, glucose, and free fatty acids was attributed due in part to increased fatty acid oxidation by muscle. Full length Acrp30 was less potent than gAcrp30. Therefore, gAcrp30 may open new avenues to control obesity.

Sources of antigen

Human Acrp30 (1-244 aa) was expressed as C-terminal his-tagged protein in E. coli and purified (>95%) using nickel-columns.. Recombinant mature protein (~26.4 kda, 230 aa). The endotoxin levels were found to be minimal (1.0EU/1 ug protein).

Form & Storage of Antigen

The protein is supplied in and lyophilized in buffer in 0.02M Tris buffer pH7.5, 0.15M NaCl. Prepare stock solution at ~100 ug/ml by adding 50 ul or more 0.1M acetate buffer pH 4.0. The stock protein solution can be diluted into another buffer at 10 ug/ml. At higher protein concentration, the solubility may be limited. It is recommended to use the protein immediately after reconstitution to avoid protein losses due to non-specific binding to the tube. Alternatively, 0.1% BSA can be used to reconstitute the protein and storing the stock in small aliquots at -20oC to -70oC and avoid freeze thaw.

Biological activity: not determined.

Storage

Short-term: unopened, powder vials at -20oC.

Long-term: at -20C or below in suitable aliquots after reconstitution. Do not freeze and thaw and store working, diluted solutions.

Stability: 6-12 months at -20oC or below.

Shipping: 4oC for solutions and room temp for lyophilized items.

General References: (1) Scherer PE et al (1995) JBC 270, 26746; Hu E et al (1996) JBC 271, 10697; Das K et al (2001) BBRC 280, 1120; Fruebis J et al (2001) PNAS 98, 2005; Maeda K et al (1996) BBRC 221, 286, Schaffler A et al (1998) BBA 1399, 187; Schaffler A et al (1999) BBRC 260, 416; (2) Yokota et al (2000) Blood 96, 1723

This product is for In vitro research use only.

Antibodies to Acrp30 and purified proteins

ACRP302-R-5-10

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